



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR



AO4611

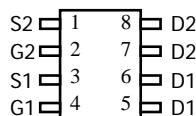
Complementary Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

General Description

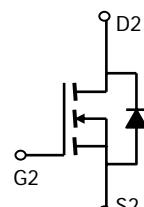
The AO4611 uses advanced trench technology MOSFETs to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs may be used to form a level shifted high side switch, and for a host of other applications. Standard Product AO4611 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications). AO4611L is a Green Product ordering option. AO4611 and AO4611L are electrically identical.

Features

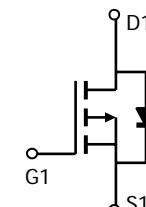
n-channel	p-channel
V_{DS} (V) = 60V	-60V
I_D = 6.3A (V_{GS} =10V)	-4.9A (V_{GS} = -10V)
$R_{DS(ON)}$	$R_{DS(ON)}$
< 25mΩ (V_{GS} =10V)	< 42mΩ (V_{GS} = -10V)
< 30mΩ (V_{GS} =4.5V)	< 52mΩ (V_{GS} = -4.5V)



SOIC-8



n-channel



p-channel

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max n-channel	Max p-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	60	-60	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ^A	I_D	6.3	-4.9	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		5	-3.9	
Pulsed Drain Current ^B	I_{DM}	40	-30	
Power Dissipation	P_D	2	2	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		1.28	1.28	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics: n-channel and p-channel

Parameter	Symbol	Device	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	n-ch	48	62.5	°C/W
Steady-State		n-ch	74	110	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	$R_{\theta JL}$	n-ch	35	60	°C/W
Steady-State		p-ch	48	62.5	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	p-ch	74	110	°C/W
Steady-State		p-ch	35	40	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	$R_{\theta JL}$	p-ch			
Steady-State					

N Channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	60			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=48\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1	2.1	3	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	40			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=6.3\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		20 34	25 42	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=5.7\text{A}$			22 30	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=6.3\text{A}$		27		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.74	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				3	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1920	2300	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			155		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			116		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		0.65	0.8	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, I_D=6.3\text{A}$		47.6	58	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			24.2	30	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			6		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			14.4		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, R_L=4.7\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		7.6		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			5		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			28.9		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			5.5		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=6.3\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		33.2	40	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=6.3\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		43		nC

A: The value of R_{0JA} is measured with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the $t \leq 10\text{s}$ thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R_{0JA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{0JL} and lead to ambient.

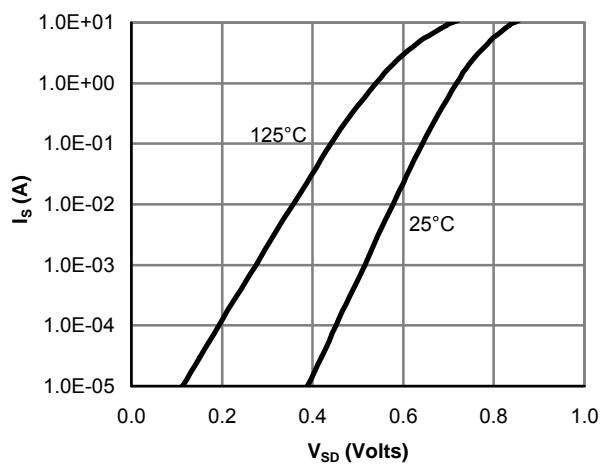
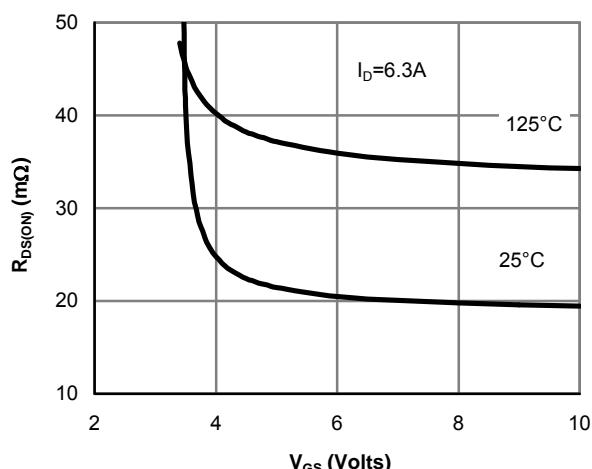
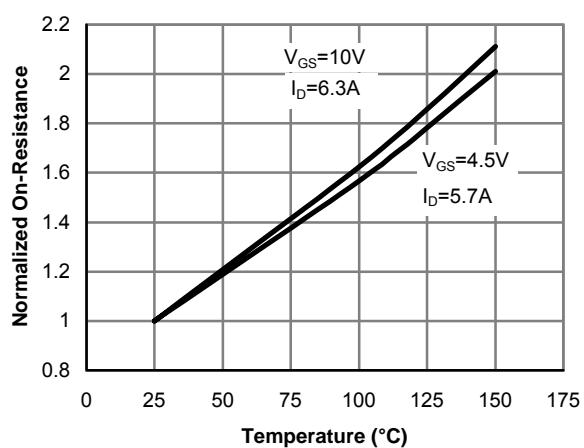
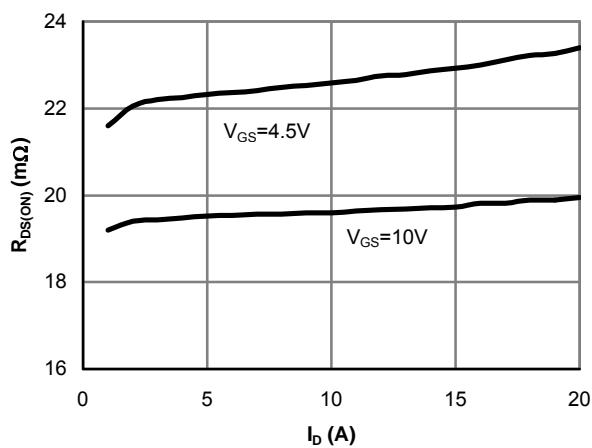
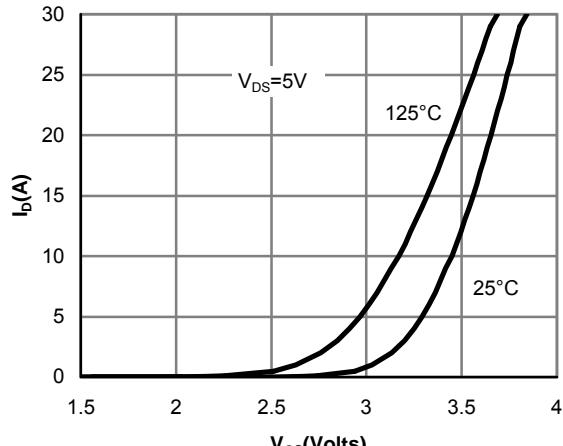
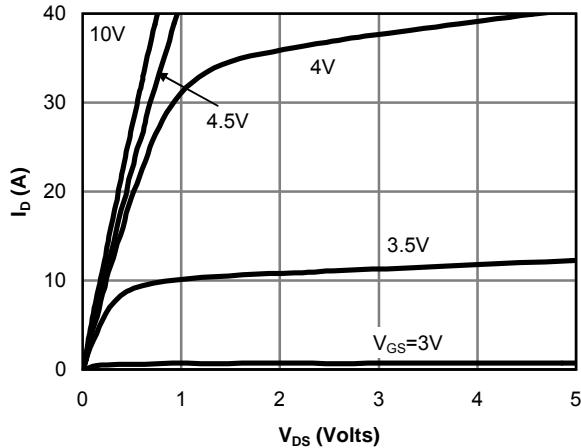
D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using 80 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

Rev4: August 2005

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: N-CHANNEL



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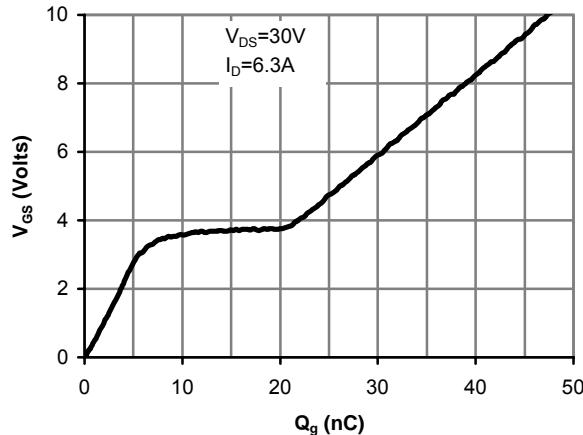


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

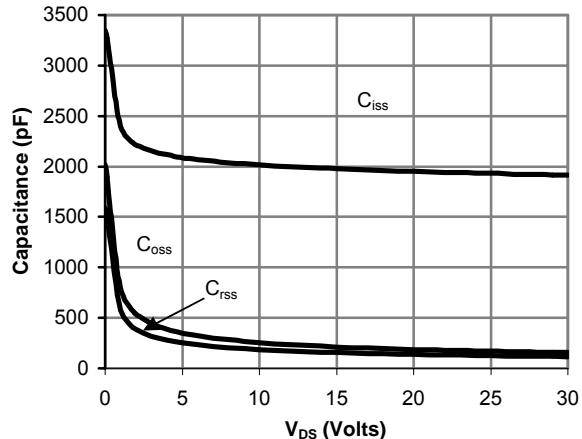


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

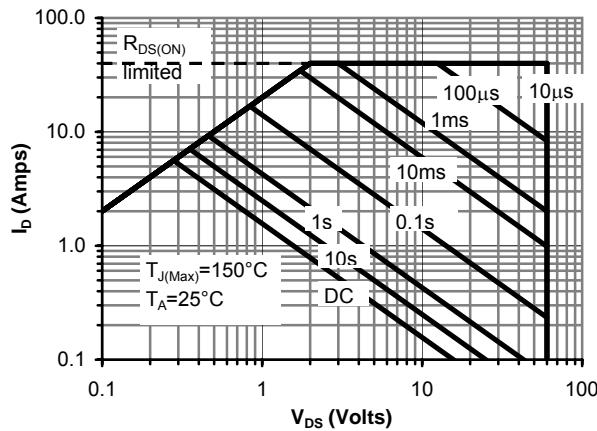


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

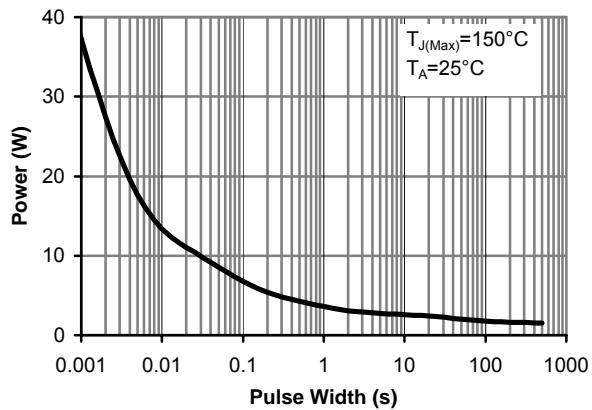


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

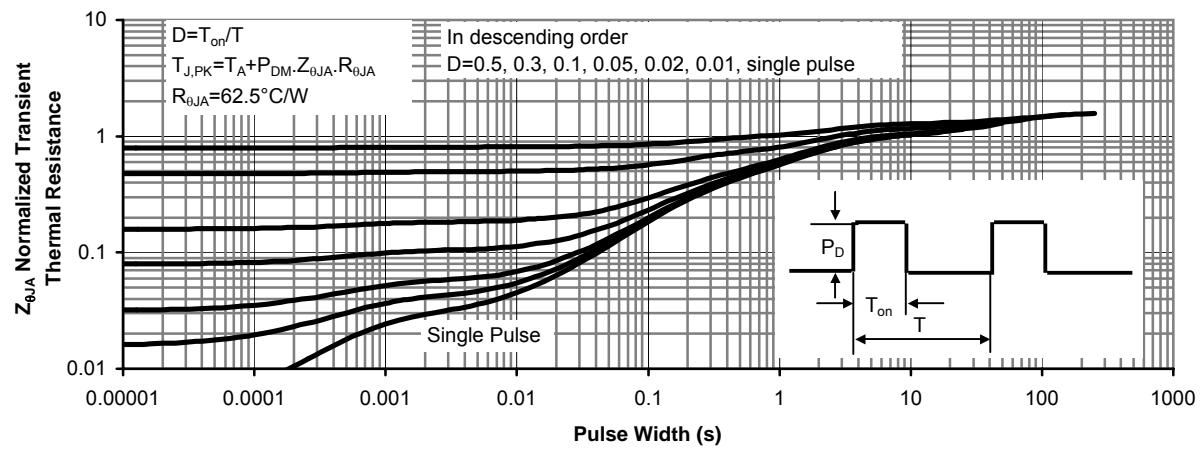


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

P-Channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-60			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-48\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			-1	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			-5	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1	-1.9	-3	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-30			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$, $I_D=-4.9\text{A}$		34	42	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		58	72	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$, $I_D=-4.9\text{A}$		42	52	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=-4.4\text{A}$		17.8		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.73	-1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-3	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=-30\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$		2417	2900	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			179		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			120		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$		1.9	2.3	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (10V)	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=-30\text{V}$, $I_D=-4.9\text{A}$		45.2	55	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)			22.8	28	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			5.8		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			9.6		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=-30\text{V}$, $R_L=6.2\Omega$, $R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		9.8		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			6.1		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			44		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			12.7		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-4.9\text{A}$, $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		32	42	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-4.9\text{A}$, $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		42		nC

A: The value of R_{0JA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the $t \leq 10\text{s}$ thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R_{0JA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{0JL} and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using 80 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: P-CHANNEL

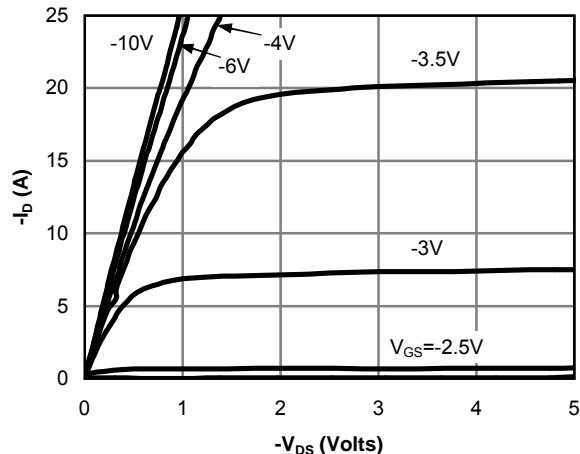


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

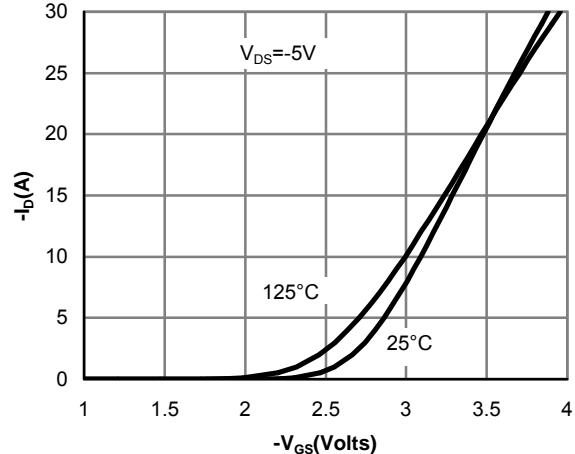


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

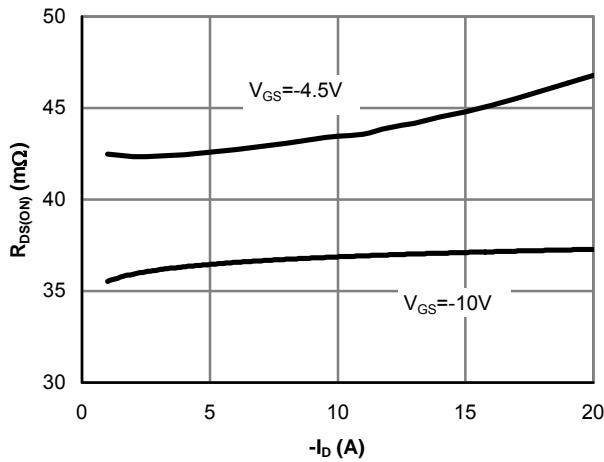


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

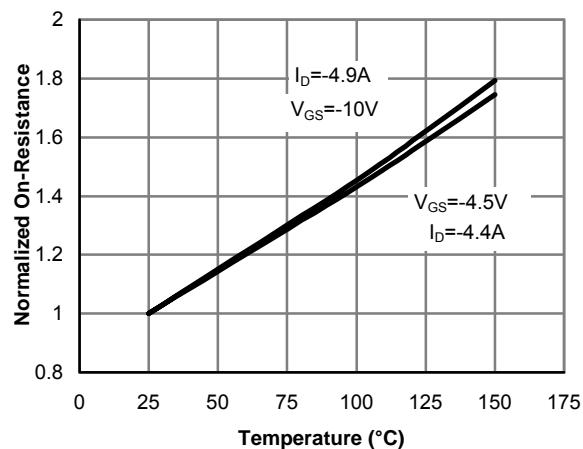


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

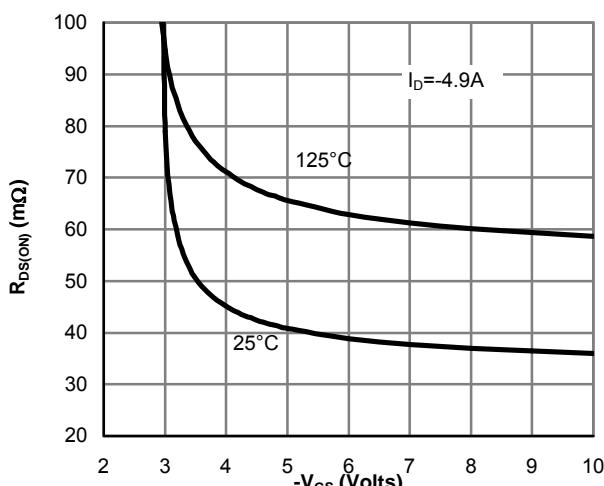


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

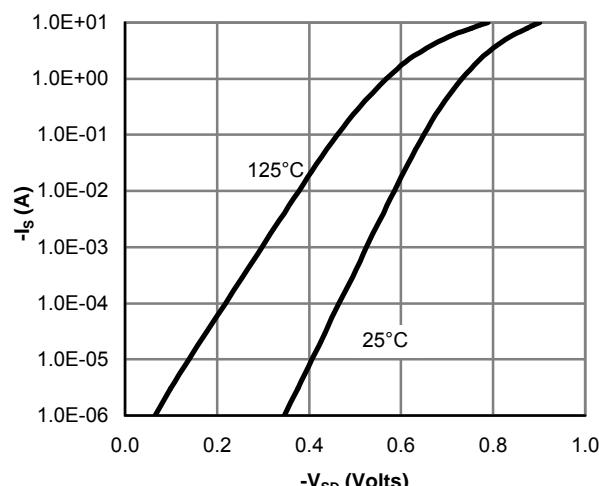


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

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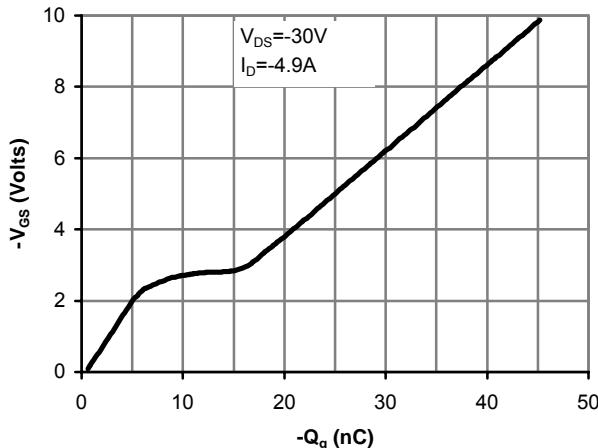


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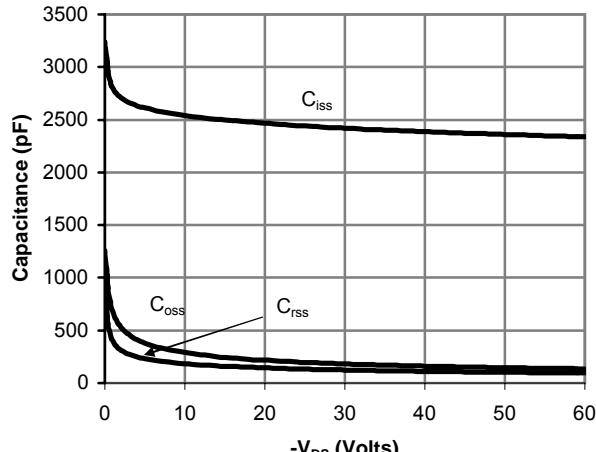


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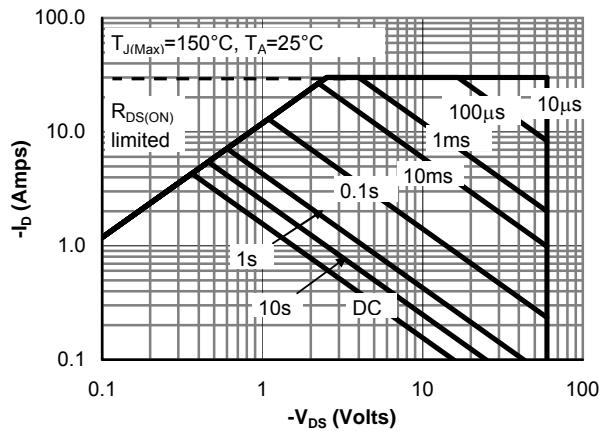


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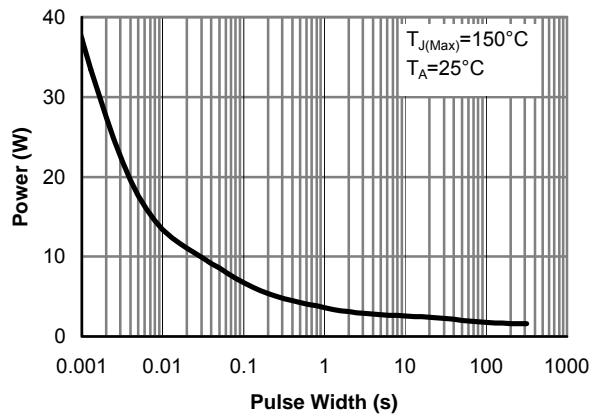


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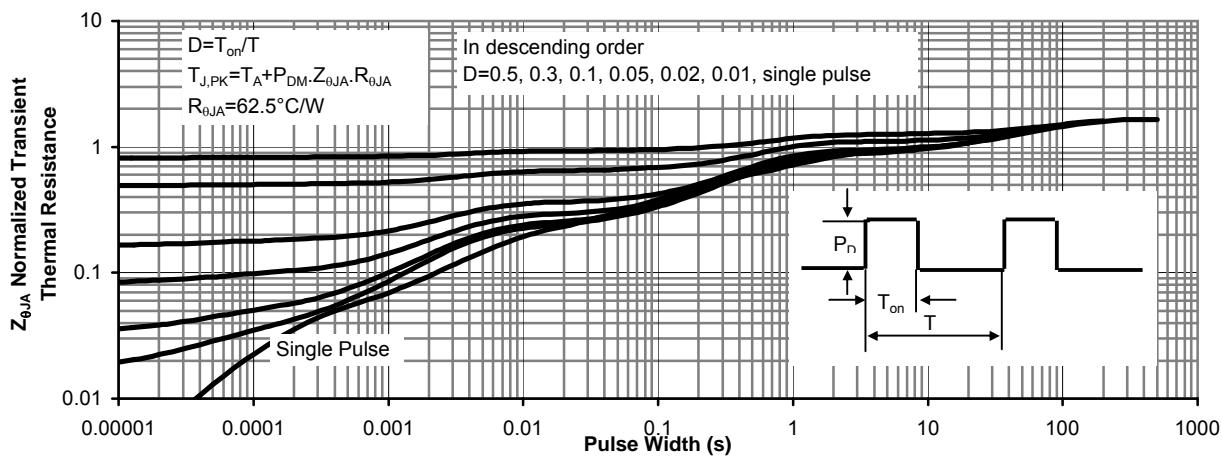


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