

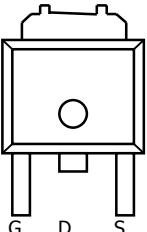
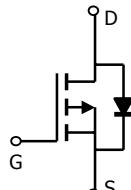


ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR, LTD.

Rev 3: Sept 2004

AOD405, AOD405L (Green Product) P-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

General Description	Features
<p>The AOD405 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$, low gate charge and low gate resistance. With the excellent thermal resistance of the DPAK package, this device is well suited for high current load applications. AOD405L (Green Product) is offered in a lead-free package.</p>	<p>V_{DS} (V) = -30V I_D = -18A $R_{DS(ON)} < 32m\Omega$ ($V_{GS} = -10V$) $R_{DS(ON)} < 60m\Omega$ ($V_{GS} = -4.5V$)</p>

TO-252 D-PAK  Top View Drain Connected to Tab	
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Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted				
Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units	
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	-30	V	
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V	
Continuous Drain Current ^{B,G}	I_D	-18	A	
$T_A=100^\circ C$ ^G		-18		
Pulsed Drain Current	I_{DM}	-40		
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AR}	-18	A	
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.1mH$ ^C	E_{AR}	40	mJ	
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	60	W	
$T_C=100^\circ C$		30		
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	2.5	W	
$T_A=70^\circ C$		1.6		
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 175	°C	

Thermal Characteristics				
Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	16.7	25	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A		40	50	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case ^C	$R_{\theta JL}$	1.9	2.5	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		-0.003	-1	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			-5	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1.2	-2	-2.4	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-40			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-18\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	24.5	32		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-10\text{A}$	36	43		$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-18\text{A}$	41	60		$\text{m}\Omega$
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	17		-1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current		-0.76		-18	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance			920	1100	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	190			pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		122			pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	3.6	4.5		Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (10V)			18.7	23	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)			9.7	11.7	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, I_D=-18\text{A}$	2.54			nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge		5.4			nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime		9	13		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, R_L=0.82\Omega$	25	35		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$	20	30		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time		12	18		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-18\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	21.4	26		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-18\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	13	16		nC

A: The value of R_{OJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1 in ² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on steady-state R_{OJA} and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature to 175°C may be used if the PCB or heatsink allows it.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{OJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{OJC} and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in ² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is limited by the package current capability.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

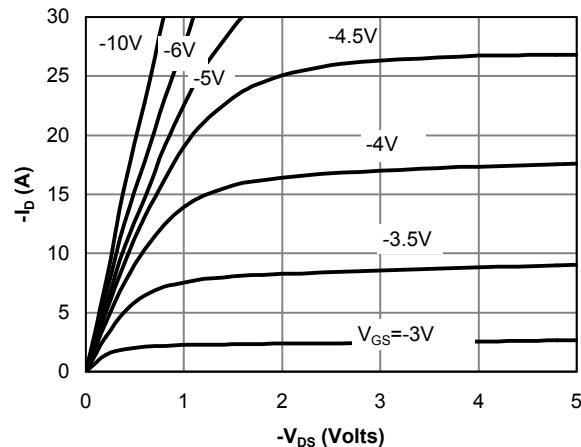


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

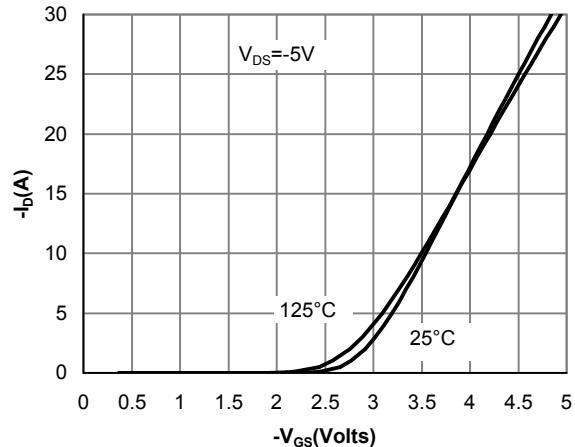


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

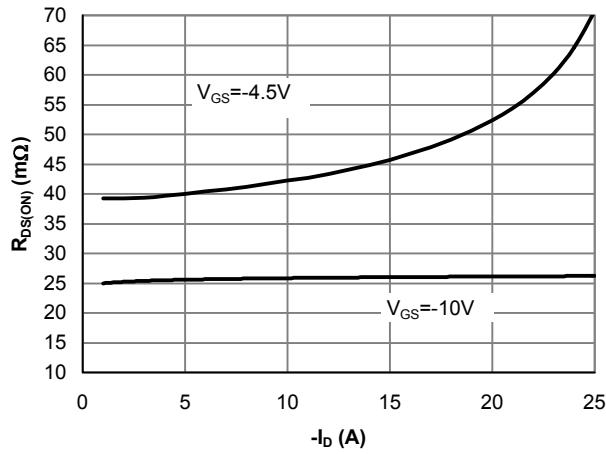


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

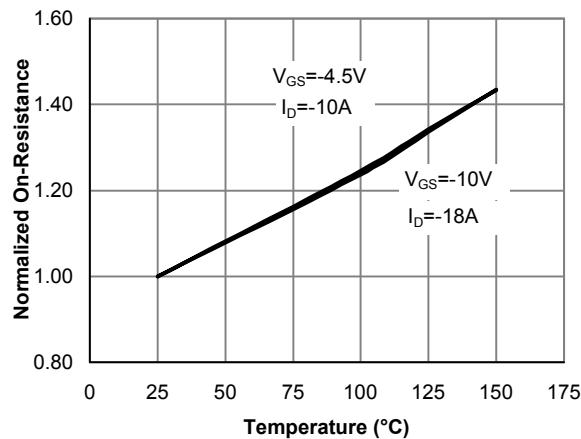


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

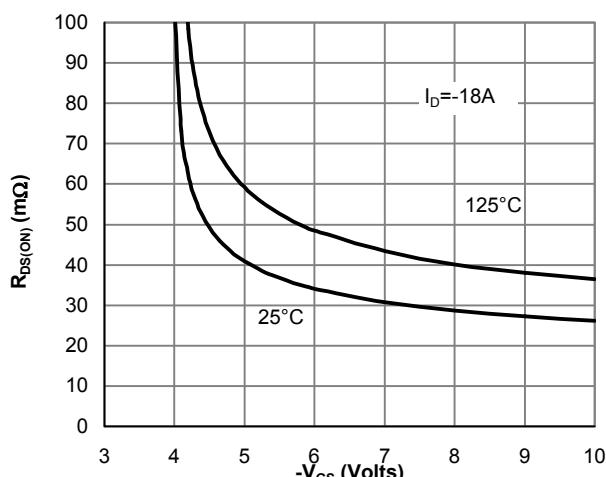


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

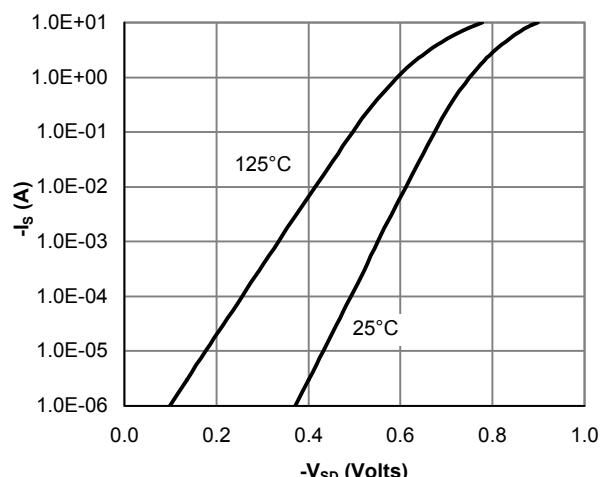


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

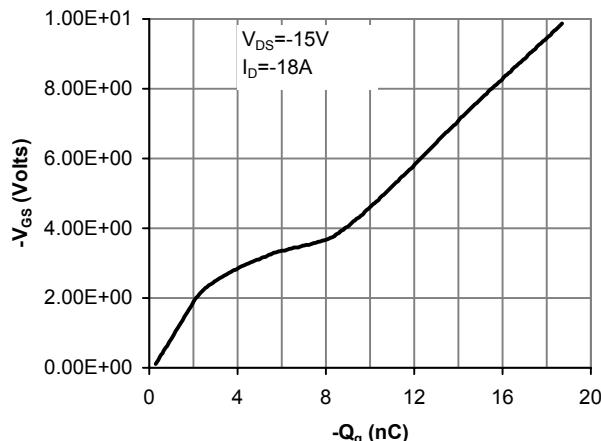


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

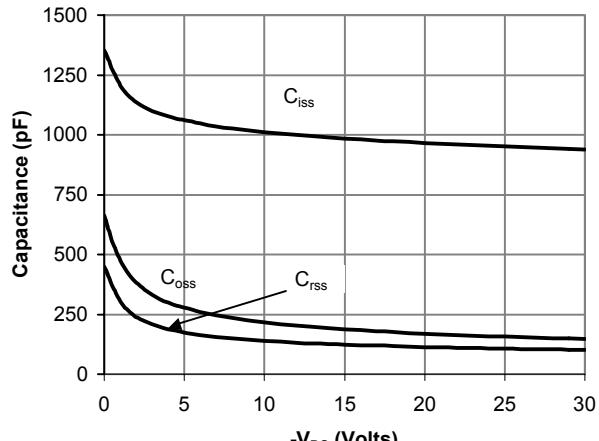


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

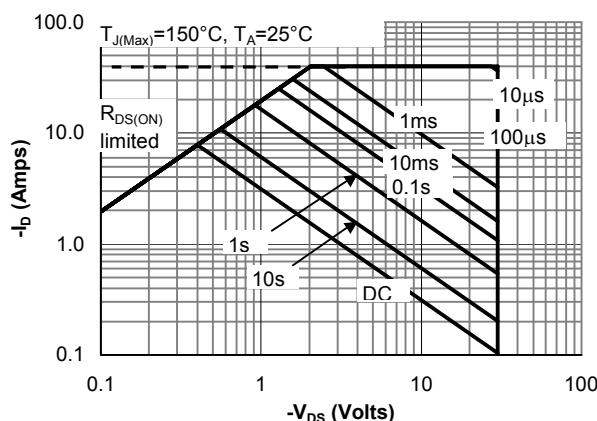


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

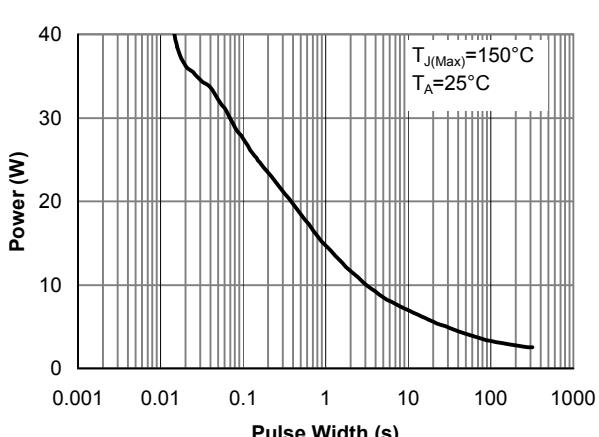


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)

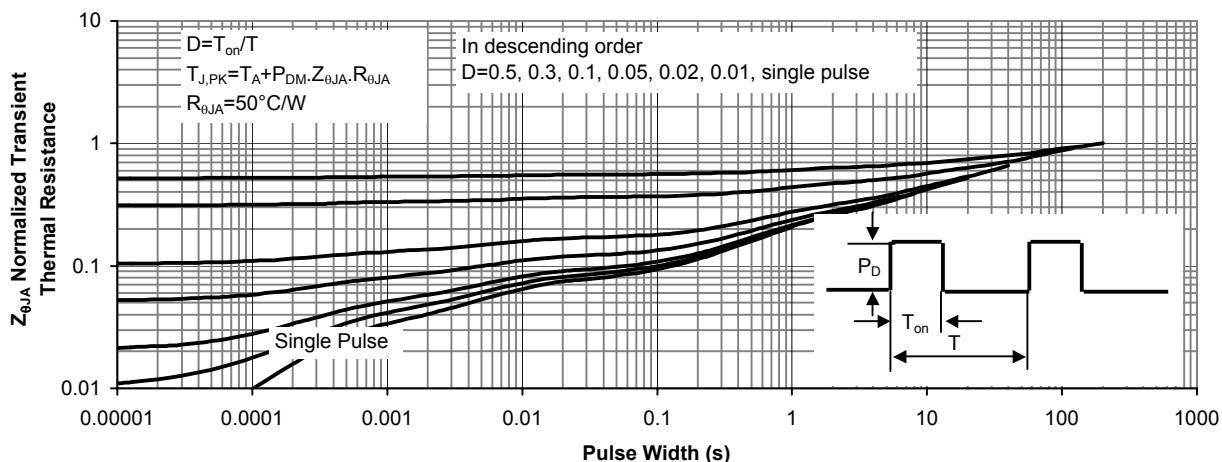


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)