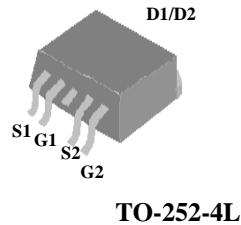




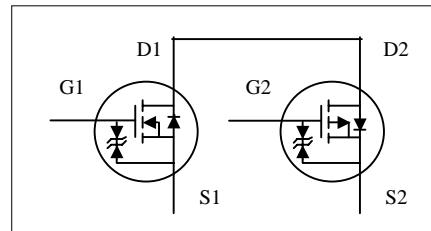
- ▼ Simple Drive Requirement
- ▼ Good Thermal Performance
- ▼ Fast Switching Performance
- ▼ RoHS Compliant



N-CH	$BV_{DSS}$	40V
	$R_{DS(ON)}$	28mΩ
	$I_D$	15A
P-CH	$BV_{DSS}$	-40V
	$R_{DS(ON)}$	42mΩ
	$I_D$	-12A

## Description

The Advanced Power MOSFETs from APEC provide the designer with the best combination of fast switching, ruggedized device design, low on-resistance and cost-effectiveness.



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating		Units
		N-channel	P-channel	
$V_{DS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	40	-40	V
$V_{GS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 16$	$\pm 16$	V
$I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current	15.0	-12.0	A
$I_D @ T_A = 70^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current	12.0	-10.0	A
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	50	-50	A
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation	10.4		W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.083		W/°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150		°C
$T_J$	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150		°C

## Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{thj-c}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	Max.	12 °C/W
$R_{thj-a}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max.	110 °C/W



## N-CH Electrical Characteristics@ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	40	-	-	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_j$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{\text{D}}=1\text{mA}$	-	0.03	-	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=6\text{A}$	-	-	28	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=4\text{A}$	-	-	32	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	1	-	3	V
$g_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=6\text{A}$	-	6	-	S
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=40\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T_j=70^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=32\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	25	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Source Leakage	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 16\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 30$	$\mu\text{A}$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{D}}=6\text{A}$	-	9	14	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-Source Charge	$V_{\text{DS}}=20\text{V}$	-	1.5	-	nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}$	-	4	-	nC
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-on Delay Time <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{DS}}=20\text{V}$	-	7	-	ns
$t_r$	Rise Time	$I_{\text{D}}=6\text{A}$	-	20	-	ns
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-off Delay Time	$R_G=3\Omega, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$	-	20	-	ns
$t_f$	Fall Time	$R_D=3.3\Omega$	-	4	-	ns
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	580	930	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}}=25\text{V}$	-	100	-	pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$f=1.0\text{MHz}$	-	70	-	pF
$R_g$	Gate Resistance	$f=1.0\text{MHz}$	-	2	3	$\Omega$

## Source-Drain Diode

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Forward On Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$I_S=15\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	1.8	V
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Time <sup>2</sup>	$I_S=6\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	20	-	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	$dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	15	-	nC



## P-CH Electrical Characteristics@ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-250\mu\text{A}$	-40	-	-	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_j$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_{\text{D}}=-1\text{mA}$	-	-0.03	-	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-5\text{A}$	-	-	42	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=-4.5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-3\text{A}$	-	-	60	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}}=-250\mu\text{A}$	-0.8	-	-2.5	V
$g_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=-10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-5\text{A}$	-	5	-	S
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=-40\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	-1	$\text{uA}$
	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T=70^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=-32\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	-25	$\text{uA}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Source Leakage	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 16\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 30$	$\text{uA}$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{D}}=-5\text{A}$	-	9	24	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-Source Charge	$V_{\text{DS}}=-20\text{V}$	-	2	-	nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	$V_{\text{GS}}=-4.5\text{V}$	-	5	-	nC
$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-on Delay Time <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{DS}}=-20\text{V}$	-	8.5	-	ns
$t_r$	Rise Time	$I_{\text{D}}=-5\text{A}$	-	15	-	ns
$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-off Delay Time	$R_G=3\Omega, V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}$	-	27	-	ns
$t_f$	Fall Time	$R_D=4\Omega$	-	25	-	ns
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	770	1230	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}}=-20\text{V}$	-	165	-	pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	f=1.0MHz	-	115	-	pF
$R_g$	Gate Resistance	f=1.0MHz	-	6	9	$\Omega$

## Source-Drain Diode

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Forward On Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{S}}=-12\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	-1.8	V
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Time <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{S}}=-5\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	20	-	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	$dI/dt=-100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	16	-	nC

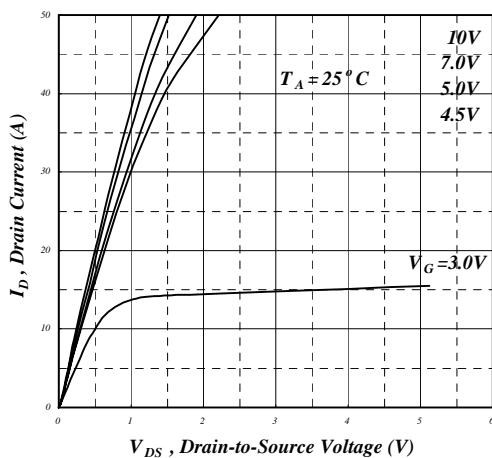
## Notes:

- 1.Pulse width limited by Max. junction temperature.
- 2.Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- 3.N-CH , P-CH are same .

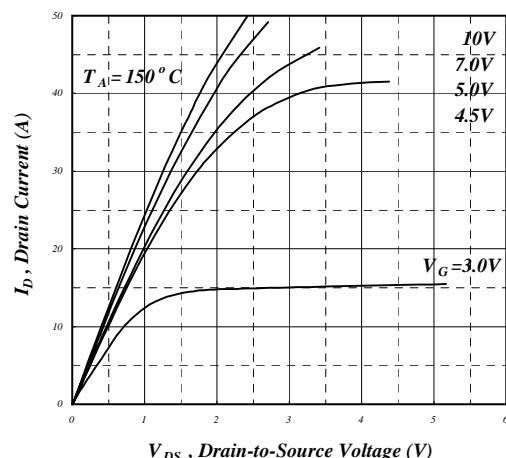
# AP4525GEH



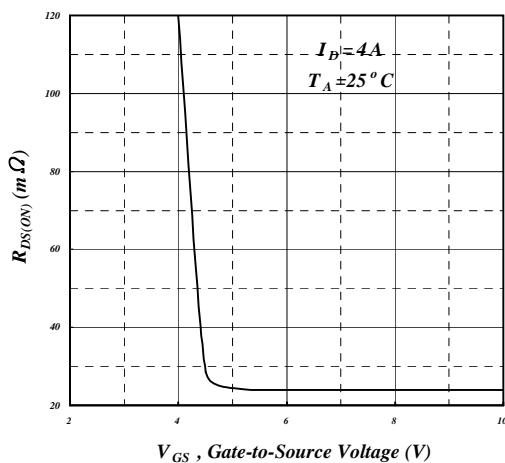
## N-Channel



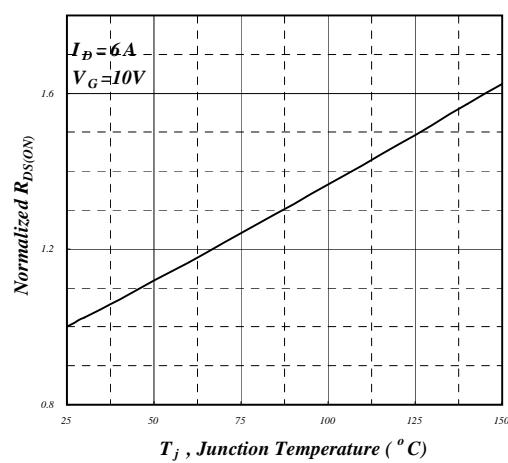
**Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics**



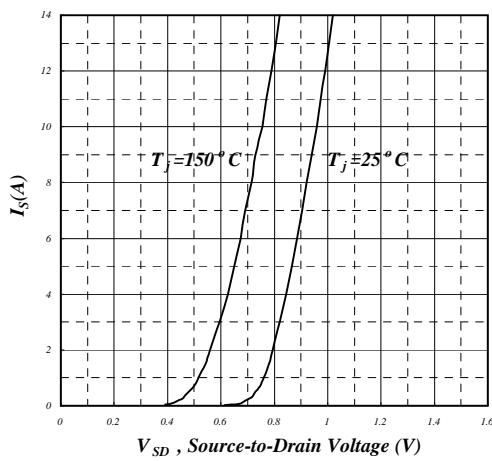
**Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics**



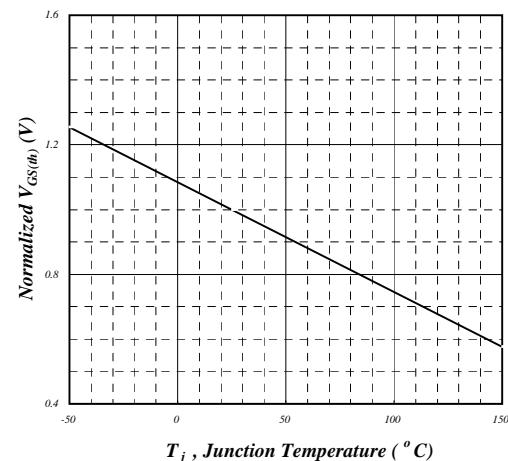
**Fig 3. On-Resistance v.s. Gate Voltage**



**Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance v.s. Junction Temperature**



**Fig 5. Forward Characteristic of Reverse Diode**



**Fig 6. Gate Threshold Voltage v.s. Junction Temperature**



## N-Channel

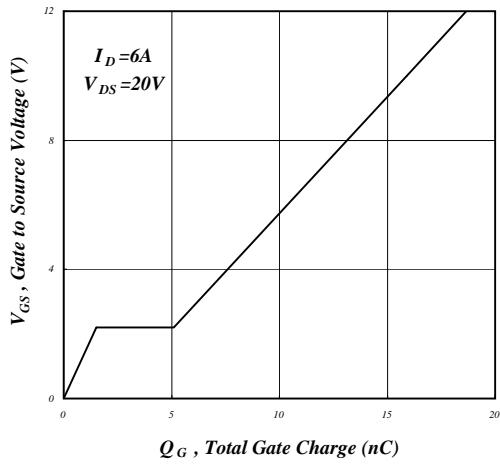


Fig 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

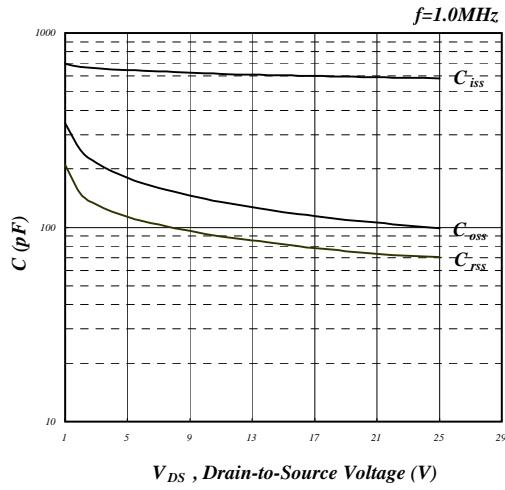


Fig 8. Typical Capacitance Characteristics

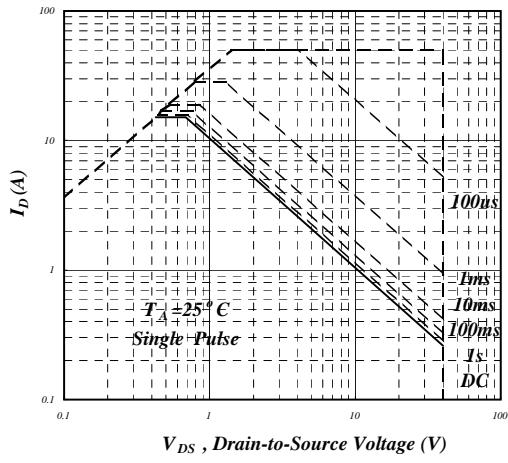


Fig 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area

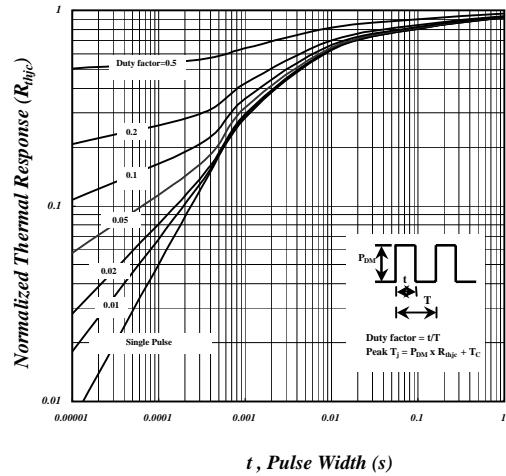


Fig 10. Effective Transient Thermal Impedance

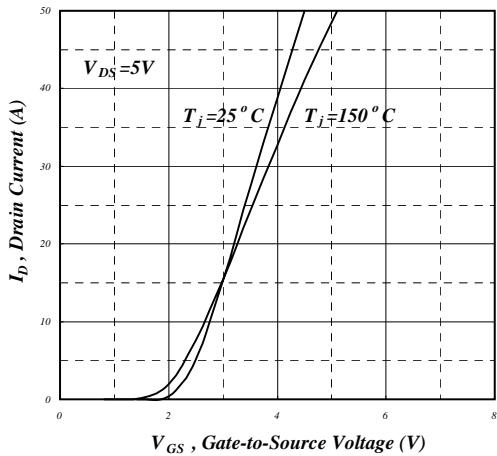


Fig 11. Transfer Characteristics

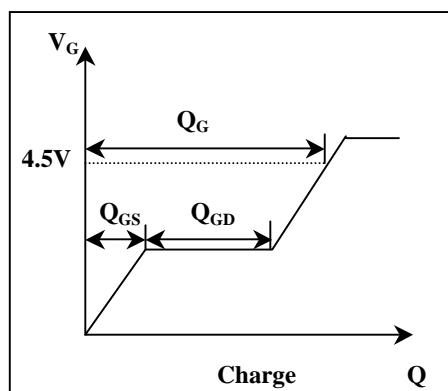
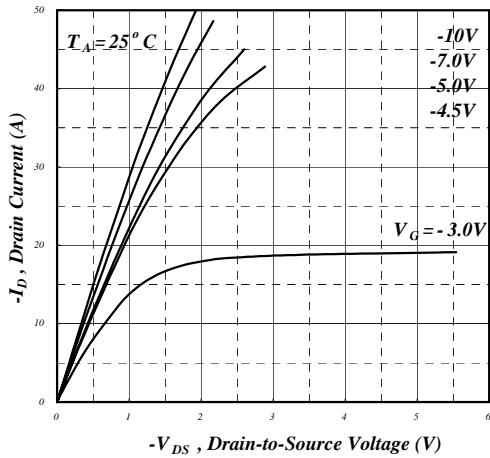


Fig 12. Gate Charge Waveform

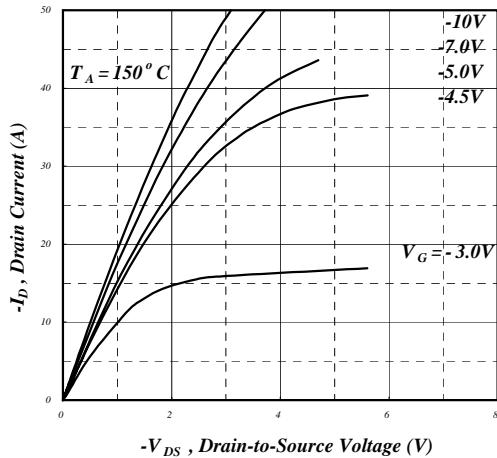


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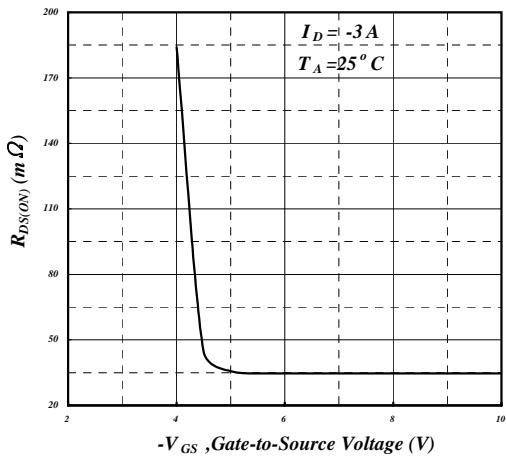
## P-Channel



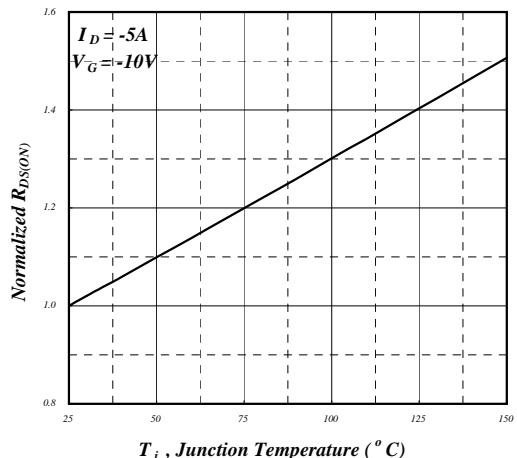
**Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics**



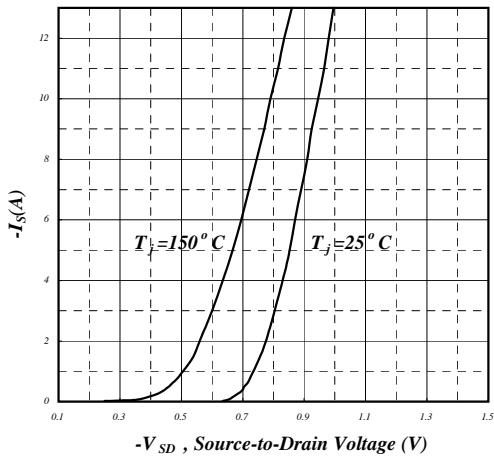
**Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics**



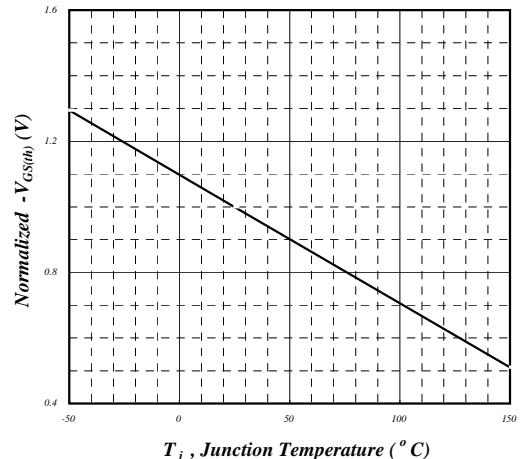
**Fig 3. On-Resistance v.s. Gate Voltage**



**Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance v.s. Junction Temperature**



**Fig 5. Forward Characteristic of Reverse Diode**



**Fig 6. Gate Threshold Voltage v.s. Junction Temperature**



## P-Channel

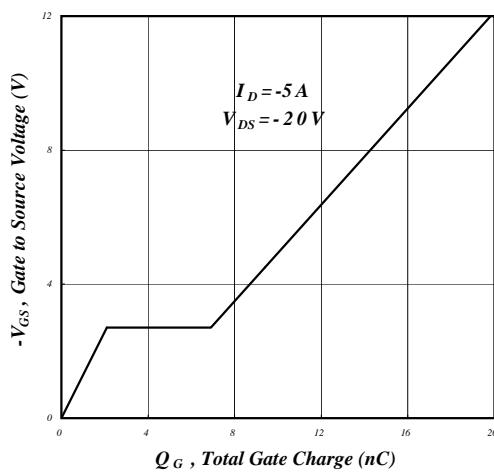


Fig 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

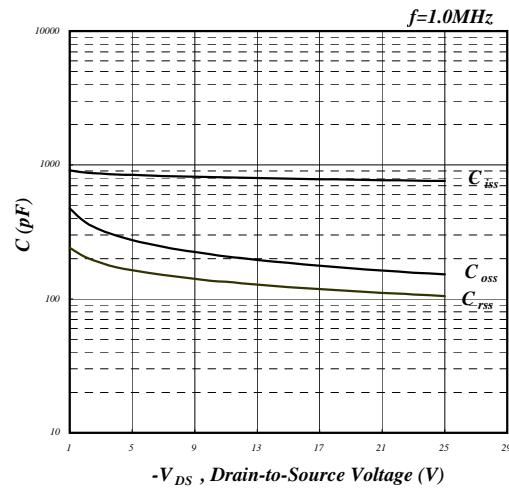


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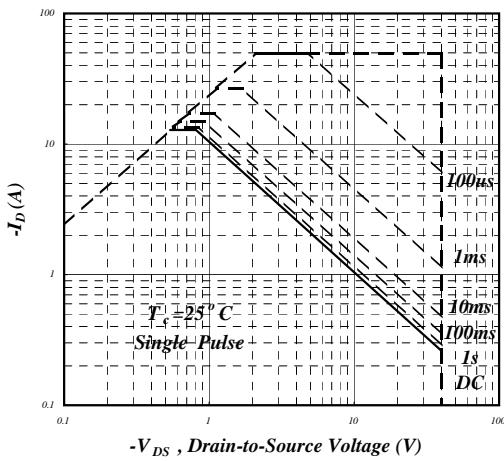


Fig 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area

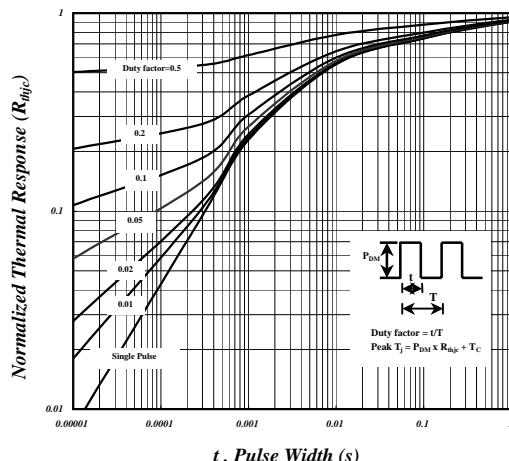


Fig 10. Effective Transient Thermal Impedance

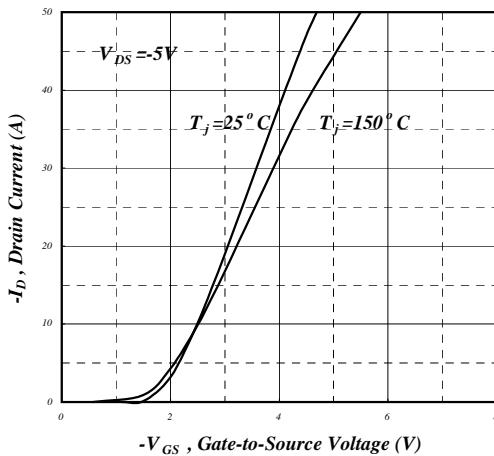


Fig 11. Transfer Characteristics

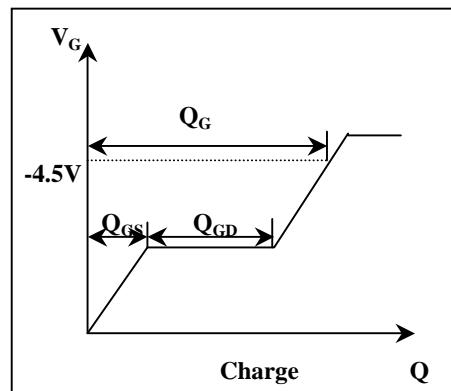


Fig 12. Gate Charge Waveform