

NAPC/PHILIPS SEMICOND

N-CHANNEL SILICON FIELD-EFFECT TRANSISTORS

General purpose symmetrical N-channel planar epitaxial junction field-effect transistors in a plastic TO-92 variant; intended for applications in I.f. and d.c. amplifiers, and in h.f. amplifiers.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Drain-source voltage	$\pm V_{DS}$	max.	30	V		
Gate-source voltage (open drain)	$-V_{GSO}$	max.	30	V		
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 75^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	300	mW		
Drain current $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0$	I_{DSS}	BF245A/0	A	B	C	
		>	0,5	2,0	6	12 mA
		<	2,1	6,5	15	25 mA
Gate-source cut-off voltage $I_D = 10\text{ nA}; V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}$	$-V_{(P)GS}$			0,25 to 8,0	V	
Feedback capacitance at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}; -V_{GS} = 1\text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	C_{rs}		typ.	1,1	pF	
Transfer admittance (common source) $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0; f = 1\text{ kHz}; T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$ Y_{fs} $			3,0 to 6,5	mS	

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

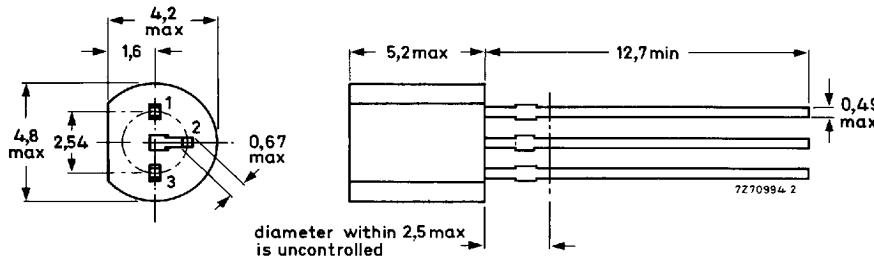
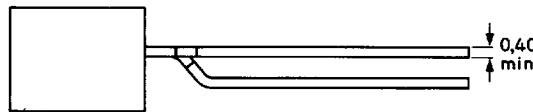
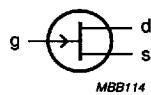
Fig. 1 TO-92 variant.

Pinning:

1 = drain

2 = source

3 = gate



Note: Drain and source are interchangeable

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Drain-source voltage	$\pm V_{DS}$	max.	30 V
Drain-gate voltage (open source)	V_{DGO}	max.	30 V
Gate-source voltage (open drain)	$-V_{GSO}$	max.	30 V
Drain current	I_D	max.	25 mA
Gate current	I_G	max.	10 mA
Power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 75^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	300 mW
up to $T_{amb} = 90^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	300 mW 1)
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	—	—65 to + 150 °C
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150 °C

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient in free air	$R_{th j-a}$	=	250 K/W
From junction to ambient	$R_{th j-a}$	=	200 K/W

CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

		BF245A	B	C
Gate cut-off current $-V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}; V_{DS} = 0$	$-I_{GSS}$	< 5	5	5 nA
$-V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}; V_{DS} = 0; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$-I_{GSS}$	< 0,5	0,5	0,5 μA
Drain current 2) $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0$	I_{DSS} 3)	> 2 < 6,5	6,0 15,0	12 mA 25 mA
Gate-source breakdown voltage $-I_G = 1 \mu\text{A}; V_{DS} = 0$	$-V_{(BR)GSS}$	> 30	30	30 V
Gate-source voltage $I_D = 200 \mu\text{A}; V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$	$-V_{GS}$ 3)	> 0,4 < 2,2	1,6 3,8	3,2 V 7,5 V

1) Transistor mounted on printed-circuit board, maximum lead length 3 mm, mounting pad for drain lead minimum 10 mm x 10 mm.

2) Measured under pulse conditions: $t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0,02$.3) BF245A/0: $I_{DSS} = 0,5$ to $2,1 \text{ mA}$; $-V_{GS} = 0,2$ to $1,0 \text{ V}$ BF245A/1: $I_{DSS} = 1,9$ to $3,0 \text{ mA}$; $-V_{GS} = 0,4$ to $1,0 \text{ V}$ BF245A/2: $I_{DSS} = 3,0$ to $4,5 \text{ mA}$; $-V_{GS} = 0,7$ to $1,4 \text{ V}$ BF245A/3: $I_{DSS} = 4,5$ to $6,5 \text{ mA}$; $-V_{GS} = 1,1$ to $2,2 \text{ V}$.

NAPC/PHILIPS SEMICOND

Gate-source cut-off voltage

 $I_D = 10 \text{ nA}; V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ $-V_{(P)GS} \quad 0,25 \text{ to } 8,0 \text{ V}$ y-parameters at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (common source) $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$

Transfer admittance

 $|Y_{fs}| \quad 3,0 \text{ to } 6,5 \text{ mS}$

Output admittance

 $|Y_{os}| \quad \text{typ. } 25 \mu\text{S}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$

Input conductance

 $g_{is} \quad \text{typ. } 250 \mu\text{S}$

Reverse transfer admittance

 $|Y_{rs}| \quad \text{typ. } 1,4 \text{ mS}$

Transfer admittance

 $|Y_{fs}| \quad \text{typ. } 6 \text{ mS}$

Output conductance

 $g_{os} \quad \text{typ. } 40 \mu\text{S}$ $V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}; -V_{GS} = 1 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

Input capacitance

 $C_{is} \quad \text{typ. } 4,0 \text{ pF}$

Feedback capacitance

 $C_{rs} \quad \text{typ. } 1,1 \text{ pF}$

Output capacitance

 $C_{os} \quad \text{typ. } 1,6 \text{ pF}$

Cut-off frequency*

 $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0$ $f_{gfs} \quad \text{typ. } 700 \text{ MHz}$ Noise figure at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}; R_G = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (common source) $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0; T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$

input tuned to minimum noise

 $F \quad \text{typ. } 1,5 \text{ dB}$ * The frequency at which g_{fs} is 0,7 of its value at 1 kHz.

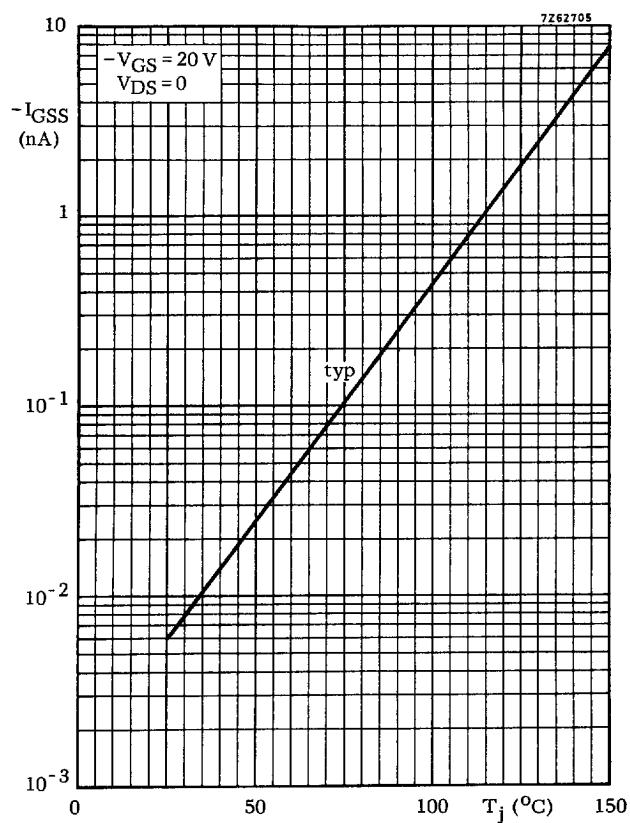


Fig. 2

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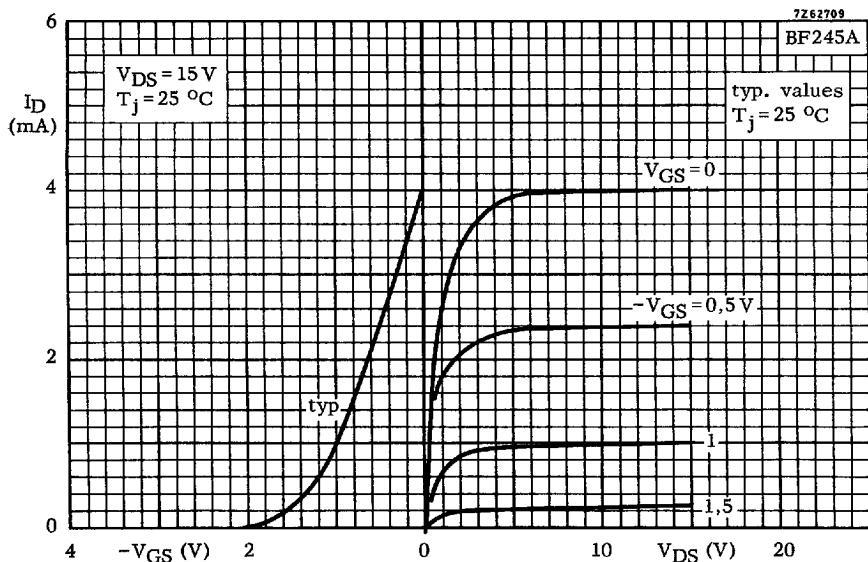


Fig. 3

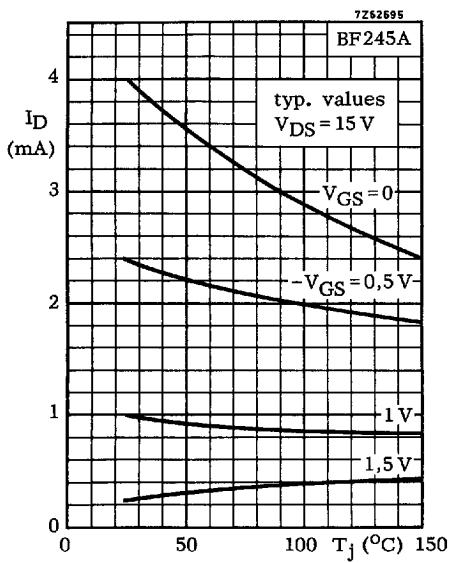


Fig. 4

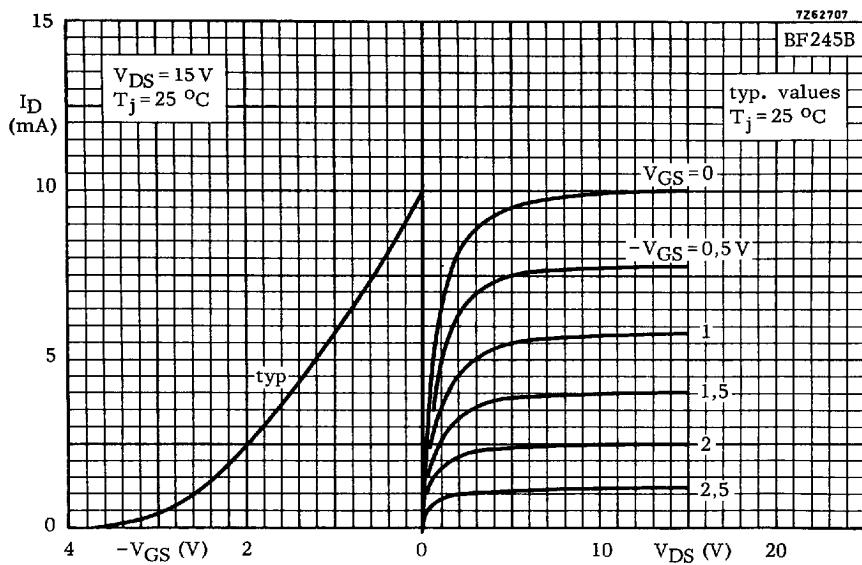


Fig. 5

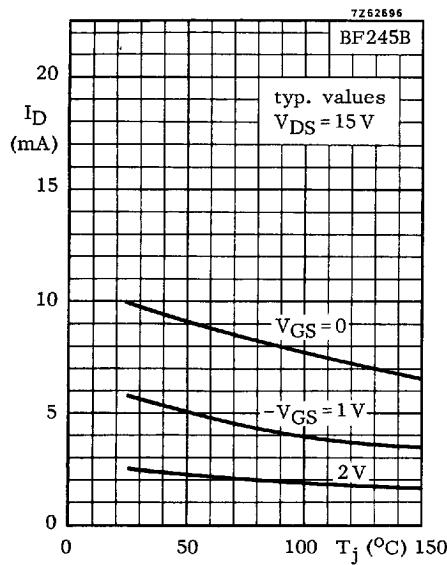


Fig. 6

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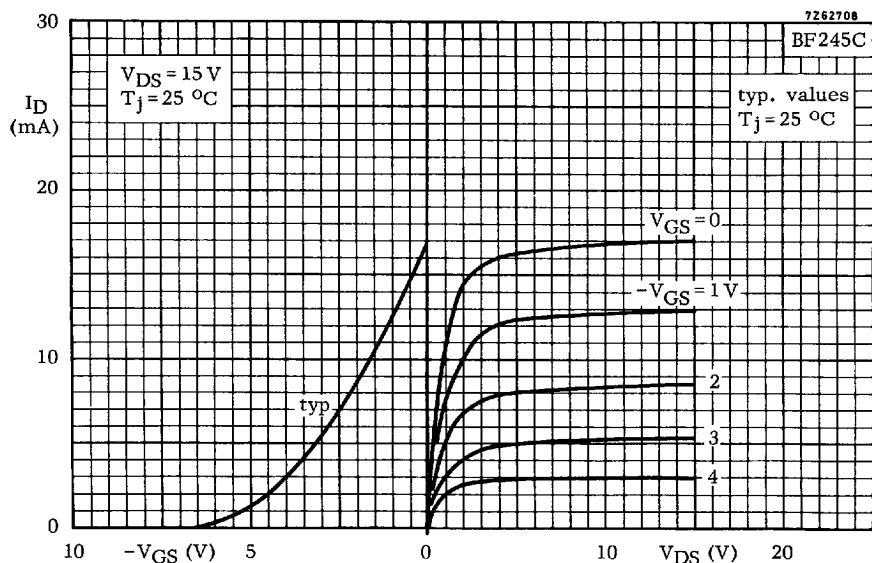


Fig. 7

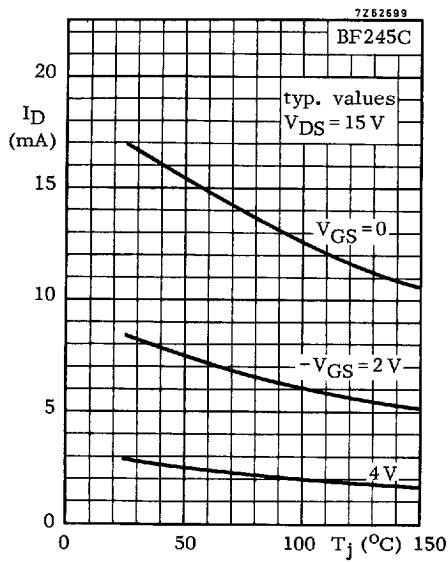


Fig. 8

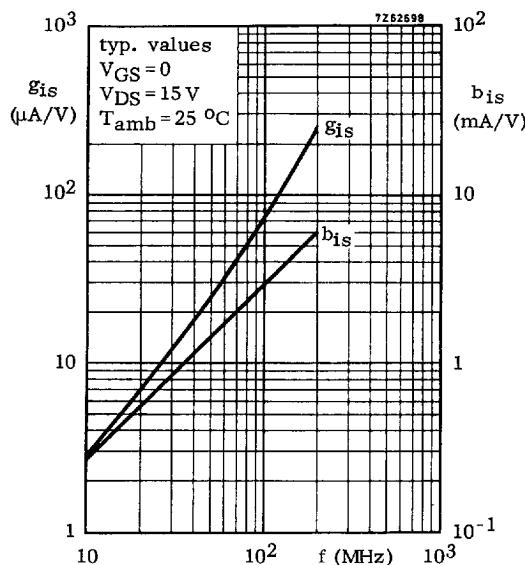


Fig. 9

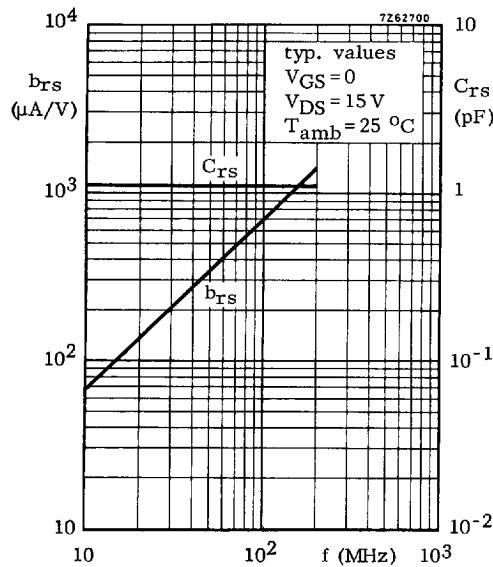


Fig. 10

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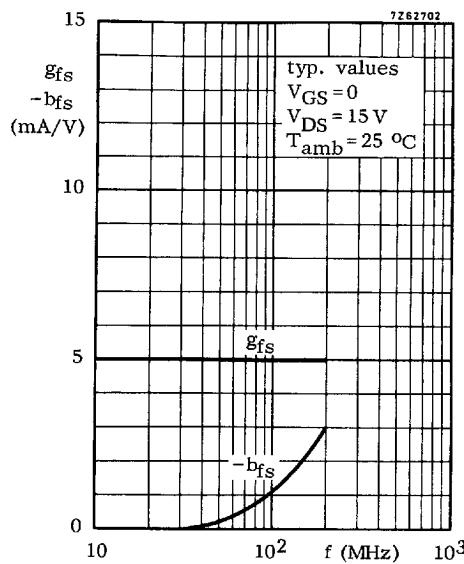


Fig. 11

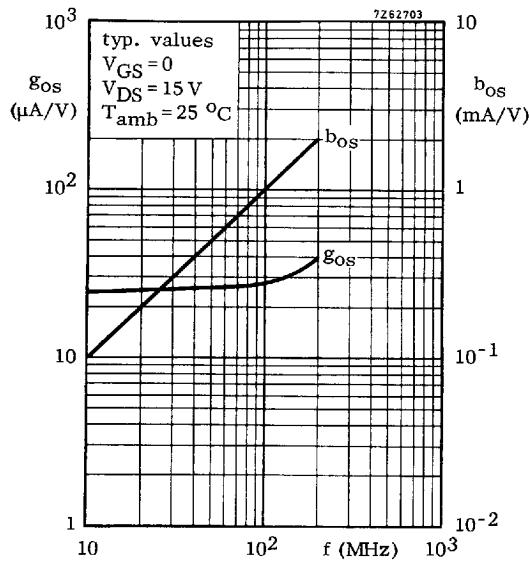


Fig. 12

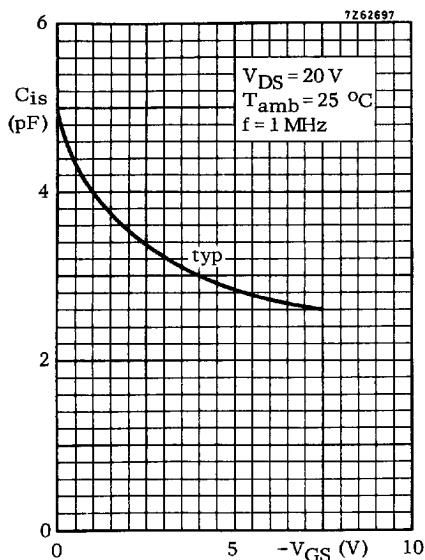


Fig. 13

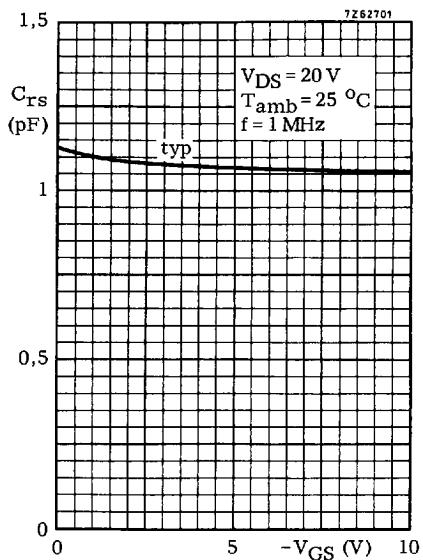


Fig. 14

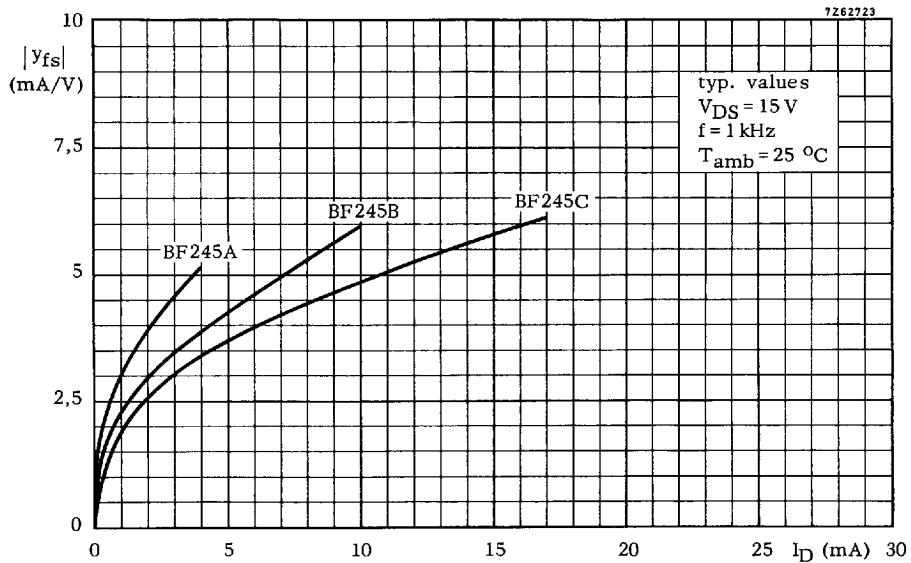


Fig. 15

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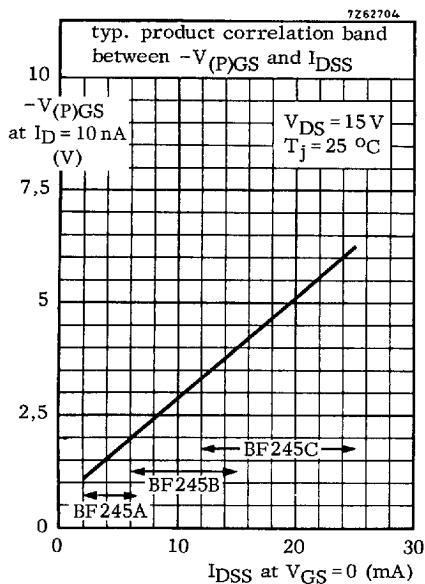


Fig. 16

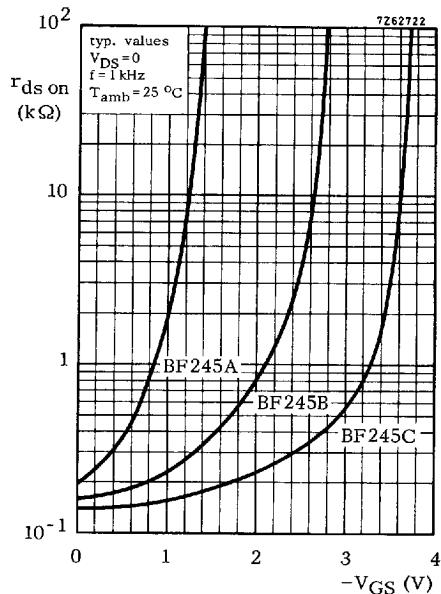


Fig. 17

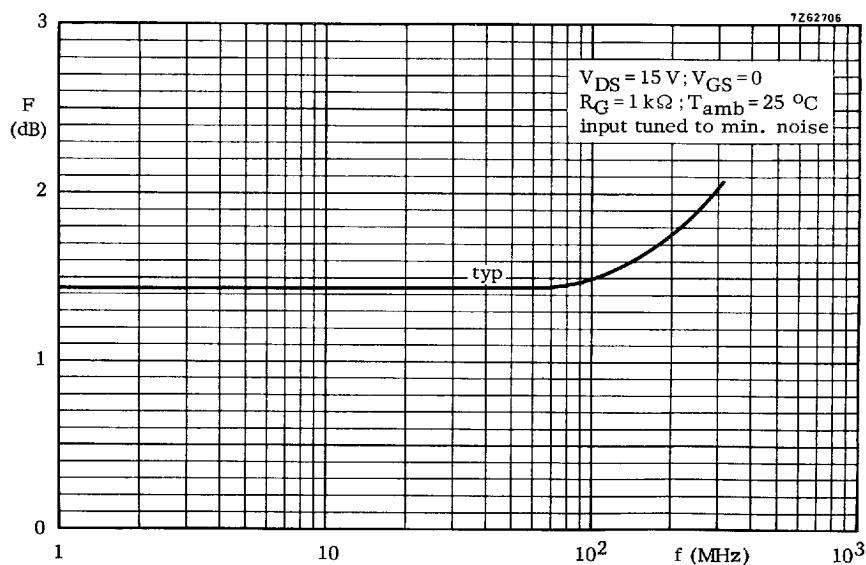


Fig. 18